# College isn't in the plans for many rural students

Rural high school students are less likely to go to college than their urban and suburban peers

### **BY CAROLYN THOMPSON**

PERRY, N.Y. — As a student in western New York's rural Wyoming County, Briar Townes honed an artistic streak that he hopes to make a living from one day. In high school, he clicked with a college-level drawing and painting class.

But despite the college credits he earned, college isn't part of his

Since graduating from high school in a huge difference in June, he has been overseeing an art camp at the county's Arts Council. If that doesn't turn into a permanent job, there is work at Creative Food Ingredients, known as the "cookie factory" for the way it makes the town smell like baking cookies, or at local factories like American Classic Outfitters, which designs and sews athletic uniforms.

'My stress is picking an option, not finding an option," he said.

Even though rural students graduate from high school at higher rates than their peers in cities and suburbs, fewer of them go on to college.

Many rural school districts, including the one in Perry that Townes attends, have begun offering college-level courses and working to remove academic and financial obstacles to higher education, with some success. But college doesn't hold the same appeal for students in rural areas where they often would need to travel farther for

school, parents have less college experience themselves, and some of the loudest political voices are skeptical of the need for higher education.

College enrollment for rural students has remained largely flat in recent years, despite the district-level efforts and stepped-up recruitment by many universities. About 55% of rural U.S. high school students who graduated in 2023 enrolled in college, according to National Clearinghouse Research Center data. That's compared to 64% of suburban graduates and 59% of urban grad-

College can make earning potential. An American man with a bachelor's degree earns an estimated \$900,000 more over his lifetime than a peer with a high school diploma, research by the Social Security Administration has found. For women, the difference is about \$630,000.

#### **A SCHOOL TAKES CUES FROM FAMILIES' HOPES AND GOALS**

A lack of a college degree is no obstacle to opportunity in places such as Wyoming County, where people like to say there are more cows than people. The dairy farms, potato fields and maple sugar houses are a source of identity and jobs for the county just east of Buffalo.

"College has never really been, I don't know, a necessity or problem in my family," said Townes, the middle of three children whose ran out, the district paid father has a tattoo shop in Perry.

At Perry High School, Superintendent Daryl McLaughlin said the time, and it's a program district takes cues from our community supstudents like Townes, ports," McLaughlin said. their families and the



Lauren Petracca/AP

college classes in Janu-

ary 2025 through such

dual enrollment arrange-

ments, a slightly lower

rate than urban and sub-

urban students, an Edu-

cation Department sur-

Rural access to dual

enrollment is a growing

area of focus as advo-

cates seek to close gaps

in access to higher edu-

cation. The College in

High School Alliance

this year announced

funding for seven states

to develop policy to

expand programs for

**HIGHER** 

**EDUCATION'S IMAGE** 

**PROBLEM IS ACUTE** 

**IN RURAL AMERICA** 

many students feel jaded

by the high costs of col-

lege tuition. And Amer-

icans are increasingly

skeptical about the value

shown, with Republi-

cans, the dominant party

in rural America, losing

confidence in higher

education at higher rates

than Democrats.

Around the country,

rural students.

vey found.

Devon Wells, a junior at Perry Central High School, welds a metal calf feeder at Halo Farms, where he works, on March 12 in Perry, N.Y.

ing college offerings dents were enrolled in with programs geared toward career and technical fields such as the building trades. He said he is as happy to provide reference checks for employers and the military as he is to write recommendations for college applications.

"We're letting our students know these institutions, whether it is a college or whether employers, they're competing for you," he said. "Our job is now setting them up for success so that they can take the greatest advantage of that competition, ultimately, to improve their quality

Still, college enrollment in the district has exceeded the national average in recent years, going from 60% of the class of 2022's 55 graduates to 67% of 2024's and 56% of 2025's graduates. The district points to a decision to direct federal pandemic relief money toward covering tuition for students in its Accelerated College Enrollment program a partnership with Genesee Community College. When the federal money to keep it going.

'This is a program that's been in our community for quite some

About 15% of rural community, supplement- U.S. high school stu-

are going to indoctrinate you,' it's hard," said Andrew Koricich, executive director of the Alliance for Research on Regional Colleges at Appalachian State University in North Carolina. "You have to figure out, how do you crack through that information ecosphere and say, actually, people with a bachelor's degree, on average, earn 65% more than people with a high school diploma only?'

In much of rural America, about 21% of people over the age of 25 have a bachelor's degree, compared to about 36% of adults in other areas, according to a government analysis of U.S. Census findings.

#### **SOME RURAL EDUCATORS DON'T HOLD BACK ON PROMOTING** COLLEGE

In rural Putnam County, Florida, about 14% of adults have a bachelor's degree. That doesn't stop principal Joe Theobold from setting and meeting an annual goal of 100% college admission for students at Q.I. Roberts Jr.-Sr. High School.

Paper mills and power plants provide opportunities for a middle class life in the county, where the cost of living is low. of college, polls have But Theobold tells students the goal of higher education "is to go off not only the world, but also about yourself."

You don't want to be "Whenever you have 17 years old, determinthis narrative that 'col- ing what you're going to

lege is bad, college is do for the rest of your bad, these professors life," he said.

Families choose the magnet school because of its focus on higher education, even though most of the district's parents never went to a college. Many students visit college campuses through Camp Osprey, a University of North Florida program that helps students experience college dorms and dining halls.

In upstate New York, high school junior Devon Wells grew up on his family farm in Perry but doesn't see his future there. He's considering a career in welding, or as an electrical line worker in South Carolina, where he heard the pay might be double what he would make at home. None of his plans require college, he said.

"I grew up on a farm, so that's all hands-on work. That's really all I know and would want to do," Devon said.

Neither his nor Townes' parents have pushed one way or the other, they said.

"I remember them talking to me like, 'Hey, would you want to go to college?' I remember telling them, 'not really,' Townes said. He would have listened if a college recruiter reached out, he said, but wouldn't be willing to move very far.

The Associated Press' education coverage receives financial support from multiple priand learn more about vate foundations. AP is solely responsible for all content. Find AP's standards for working with philanthropies, a list of supporters and funded



## **Notification of Right to Request Teacher Qualifications**

Dear Parent or Guardian:

The educators in Caldwell County are committed to providing a quality instructional program for your child. This letter is just one of the ways of keeping you informed of the educational commitment of our schools and our district.

Our district receives federal funds for Title I, Part A programs as a part of the Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA). Under ESSA, you have the right to request information regarding the professional qualifications of your child's teacher(s). If you request this information, the district will provide you with the following:

- 1. Whether the teacher has met the state requirements for licensure and certification for the grade levels and subject matters in which the teacher provides instruction;
- Whether the teacher is teaching under emergency or other provisional status through which state qualification or licensing criteria have been waived;
- The baccalaureate degree major of the teacher and any other graduate certification or degree held by the teacher, and the field of discipline of the certification or degree; and
- Whether your child is provided services by paraeducators, and if so, their qualifications.

If you would like to request this information, please contact Laura Lee White by phone at 270-365-8000 or by email at laura.white@caldwell.kyschools.us. Please include your child's name, the name of the school your child attends, the names of your child's teacher(s) and an address or email address where the information may be sent. Thank you for your interest and involvement in your child's education.

Sincerely,

Laura Lee White Federal Programs Coordinator

Caldwell County Schools is an Equal Opportunity Employer

